The Denuclearisation Of The Oceans

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**Security at Sea** Stockholm International Peace Research Institute 1990 Since World War II, five navies are known to have acquired nuclear weapons; the activities of these forces continue to play a critical and often dangerous role in global strategic affairs. Offering the first serious appraisal of naval arms and their control in forty years, an international panel of experts here presents a broad and detailed assessment of the dangers of the naval arms race, and discusses problems with naval arms control, confidence-building measures, and verification technologies.

**Routledge Library Editions: Iran Mini-Set D: Politics & Sociology 13 vol set** Various 2021-11-05 Mini-set D:Politics and Sociology re-issues 13 volumes originally published between 1977 and 1991. It discusses the revolution in Iran and what that has meant for the wider region of the Persian Gulf in terms of stability and relations with other countries, as well as issues of poverty in Iran and the position of minorities. For institutional purchases for e-book sets please contact online.sales@tandf.co.uk (customers in the UK, Europe and Rest of World)

**Naval Weapons Systems and the Contemporary Law of War** James J. Busuttil 1998 This book provides the first comprehensive critical analysis of the regulation of naval weapons during armed conflict. It examines the experience this century with the use of naval mines, submarines and anti-ship missiles, the three main naval weapons. The sources of international law relevant to an assessment of the law, that is the extant conventions, state practice, military manuals, war crimes prosecutions, and the opinions of publicists, are each extensively examined so that a clear picture of the law emerges. The book examines the impact of agreements drawn up in peacetime on wartime conduct and focuses on the growth of law through customary practice. While stating the law as it is today, it also provides suggestions for the practical development of the law.

**The Illustrated Weekly of India 1981**

**Energy Abstracts for Policy Analysis 1987**

**The Meaning of the Nuclear Revolution** Robert Jervis 1989 Looks at how nuclear weapons have affected the meaning of war, the psychology of statesmanship, and the formulation of military policy

**The ANZUS Crisis, Nuclear Visiting and Deterrence** Michael Pugh 1989-09-29 This 1989 study examines the questions of whether the 'nuclear-free' virus in the South Pacific might be catching.

**Ocean Yearbook** Elisabeth Mann Borgese 1998

**Bulletin of the Atomic Scientists 1987-06**

The Indian Ocean: Political and Strategic Future

DENUCLEARISATION OF THE OCEANS. 2022

Indian Ocean and India's Security  Raj Narain Misra 1986

Ordering the Oceans Clyde Sanger 1986

Marine Affairs Bibliography 1988

International Perspectives 1987
The Indian Ocean and the Superpowers Rasul Bux Rais 1987

This study focuses on the political and strategic implications of the presence in the Indian Ocean of the United States and the Soviet Union. The author examines the geopolitics of the region in historical perspective and describes the evolution of U.S. and Soviet strategy in the Indian Ocean. The central theme of the book is that the naval deployments of the superpowers should be seen in the context of each power's economic and security interests rather than in the context of military rivalry. The book provides an incisive and comprehensive account of U.S. and Soviet strategies in the Indian Ocean by establishing and integrating the links between the economic, political, and strategic dynamics of the situation.

Fukushima: Dispossession or Denuclearization?
Nadesan/Boys/McKillop/Wilco (Editors)
2014-09-28

The Fukushima nuclear power plant explosions and the Hiroshima/Nagasaki bombings are intimately connected events, bound together across time by a nuclear will to power that holds little regard for life. In Fukushima: Dispossession or Denuclearization? contributors document and explore diverse dispossession effects stemming from this nuclear will to power, including market distortions, radiation damage to personal property, wrecked livelihoods, and transgenerational mutations potentially eroding human health and happiness. Liberal democratic capitalism is itself disclosed as vulnerable to the corrupting influences of the nuclear will to power. Contributors contend that denuclearization stands as the only viable path forward capable of freeing humans from the catastrophic risks engineered into global nuclear networks. They conclude that the choice of dispossession or denuclearization through the pursuit of alternative technologies will determine human survival across the twenty-first century.

Indian Ocean as a Zone of Peace  Kamal Kumar 2000

The Indian Ocean: Political and Strategic Future

Maritime Strategy And The Balance Of Power
John B Hattendorf 1989-10-24
A collection of essays on British and American maritime relationships in the 20th century together with details on the British organization of warfare, Anglo-American maritime theory, their rivalries and coalitions and their plans for dealing with a future war in the nuclear age.

Study on the Role of the United Nations in the Field of Verification
United Nations Office for Disarmament Affairs 1992-12-31
This study addresses the role of the United Nations in the field of verification of arms limitation and disarmament taking into consideration approaches, methods, procedures and techniques relating to other arrangements in the area of international peace and security.

Navies in Violent Peace
James Cable 1989-07-24
A study of the political utility of navies not only in past wars and possible future wars but also in the "violent peace" of the modern era. It looks at their use in gunboat diplomacy, showing the flag, policing coastlines and tackling pirates and terrorists. Naval arms control is also discussed.

The Cold War: The Definitive Encyclopedia and Document Collection [5 volumes] 2020
Spencer C. Tucker
2020-10-27
This sweeping reference work covers every aspect of the Cold War, from its ignition in the ashes of World War II, through the Berlin Wall and the Cuban Missile Crisis, to the collapse of the Soviet Union in 1991. The Cold War superpower face-off between the Soviet Union and the United States dominated international affairs in the second half of the 20th century and still reverberates.
around the world today. This comprehensive and insightful multivolume set provides authoritative entries on all aspects of this world-changing event, including wars, new military technologies, diplomatic initiatives, espionage activities, important individuals and organizations, economic developments, societal and cultural events, and more. This expansive coverage provides readers with the necessary context to understand the many facets of this complex conflict. The work begins with a preface and introduction and then offers illuminating introductory essays on the origins and course of the Cold War, which are followed by some 1,500 entries on key individuals, wars, battles, weapons systems, diplomacy, politics, economics, and art and culture. Each entry has cross-references and a list of books for further reading. The text includes more than 100 key primary source documents, a detailed chronology, a glossary, and a selective bibliography. Numerous illustrations and maps are inset throughout to provide additional context to the material. Includes more than 1,500 entries covering all facets of the Cold War from its origins to its aftermath, including all political, diplomatic, military, social, economic, and cultural aspects. Incorporates the scholarship of more than 200 internationally recognized contributors from around the world, many writing about events and issues from the perspective of their country of origin. Offers more than 100 original documents—a collection that draws heavily on material from archives in China, Eastern Europe, and the former Soviet Union. Provides hundreds of powerful images and dozens of informative maps detailing specific military conflicts and movements of various groups. Includes a detailed chronology of important events that occurred before, during, and after the Cold War.

The Security of the Persian Gulf (RLE Iran D)
Hossein Amirsadeghi 2012-04-27 The Persian Gulf, important because of its vast energy resources, emerged into the limelight of geopolitics at the time of the British Labour government’s policy of withdrawal from East of Suez in 1968. Before 1968 it had been recognised that the Gulf lay in the legitimate sphere of influence of Britain, while the United States exerted its influence in the two pivotal littoral states of Iran and Saudi Arabia. The Soviets had been gaining influence in Iraq ever since the overthrow of the monarchy in 1958 and the Chinese were also fishing for influence by their support of the Popular Front for the Liberation of the Arabian Gulf. This book examines the political axes of the various super-powers with Iran and the Persian Gulf and discusses the implications of these problems for the issue of security in the region.

Strategic Analysis 1986-04
Alva Myrdal: A Pioneer in Nuclear Disarmament
Peter Wallensteen 2022-09-21 This book is about the importance of nuclear disarmament and the work pursued by Alva Myrdal, a pioneering social activist, diplomat, cabinet minister, and disarmament negotiator. She was awarded the Nobel Peace Prize in 1982 together with Alfonso García Robles "for their work for disarmament and nuclear and weapon-free zones". Prominent academics, politicians and practitioners have contributed reflections on Myrdal’s achievements and their impact on the world today. Furthermore, a sample of Myrdal’s own writings on nuclear disarmament are included, as well as significant speeches and a bibliography of her publications on nuclear matters. Alva Myrdal was born in Uppsala, Sweden, in 1902, graduated from college in Stockholm in 1924, and continued higher education at Uppsala University in the 1930s. She was a prolific author and reformer, specializing in social affairs, women’s roles and nuclear disarmament. She was Sweden’s Ambassador to India in the 1950s, for Nuclear Disarmament in the 1960s and 1970s, and a member of the Cabinet 1967-1973. Her most well-known works are "The Game of Disarmament" (1976), "Nation and Family" (1941), and "Women’s Two Roles" (1956, with Viola Klein). Her book "The Game of Disarmament" (1976) is a key work in disarmament. The Alva Myrdal Centre for Nuclear
Disarmament was set up at Uppsala University in 2021 to contribute new ideas and concrete measures towards the elimination of nuclear weapons. Both editors are associated with the Centre, Professor Peter Wallensteen as a member of the board and leader of one of its working groups, and Dr. Armend Bekaj as a researcher. - This book is relevant for students of international relations and policy-makers on issues of peace and conflict. - It provides background documentation on the difficulties in achieving disarmament. - It illustrates the significant role women can play to infuse new ideas into a men’s world. - It displays the importance of persistence, rationality, ingenuity and knowledge in furthering nuclear disarmament. - It shows that Alva Myrdal’s efforts can be an inspiration for new generations.

How Western European Nuclear Policy is Made
Harald Muller 1991-06-18 Second in a series of comparative studies on West European non-proliferation policy, this book examines the factors which influence policy in this area, and assesses the potential for policy convergence in the future. With a multi-national team of contributors, this study covers 10 countries.

Ocean Governance and the United Nations
Elisabeth Mann Borgese 1995

The Last Colonies
Robert Aldrich 1998-07-13
A comprehensive and provocative look at the last remaining colonial territories.

Designing Denuclearization
Bruce Larkin 2018-02-06
This work canvasses nuclear weapon abolition, proposals placed on the table since 1945 and the obstacles and issues which a realistic program for abolition confronts today. It has an ambitious purpose, to show that nuclear abolition can and should be placed on the public agenda. The author terms it interpretive in that it incorporates his commentaries, never hiding his reasons and judgments. It is neither "just the facts" nor "all the facts." It is an encyclopedia in the original meaning of "a general course of instruction." He identifies himself with all who pursue the problem posed by nuclear weapons systematically and with seriousness of purpose, committed to self-instruction. In another sense, he writes, this work is a conversation with the Reader. What is needed to abolish nuclear weapons? His starting-point is this: As long as nuclear weapons are stockpiled and deployed there is risk of their use, which would be catastrophic. Abolition, however, is inconceivable in the absence of a developed and articulated alternative to the nuclear status quo. Even with that, the politics of abolition, bringing the governments of the nuclear weapon states to believe that abolition is in their interest, is the sine qua non of achieving a world free of nuclear weapons. Larkin’s text is written for those, whether practitioners or citizens, interested in designing and bringing about denuclearization. Abolition cannot be achieved by political elites in the absence of broad concurrent public support. Governments, career policy officials and legislators have chosen to assume responsibility for the public agenda. They may be askedimust be asked, what they will do to bring about denuclearization.

Sage Public Administration Abstracts 1986
Superpowers at Sea
Richard Fieldhouse 1989
Dispelling many of the myths surrounding the East-West naval arms race, this book documents the largely unobserved nuclearization of naval forces and analyzes the implications for future security and arms control. The authors conclude that, contrary to common perception, the Soviet navy is at a considerable military disadvantage in the world’s waters, a condition that should hold true for the foreseeable future.

The Non-proliferation of Nuclear Weapons
Georges Fischer 1971
Moskva-traktaten; Debatten om ikke-spredning; Traktatudkastet; FN’s Generalforsamling, administration af traktaten, Geneve-komitéen; Forbud mod transport, modtagelse og fremstilling; Terminologi; Landenes indstilling; Vestttyskland; Kontrol; Fredelig udnyttelse af kerneenergi; Kerneeksplosioner; Slutklausuler; Sikkerhedsgarantier.
The Law Of The Sea Budislav Vukas 2004
Collection of 20 essays by the author, republished as initially written in English or French. They reflect the development of the author's views as well as the evolution of the law of the sea itself since the beginning of the Third United Nations Conference on the Law of the Sea.

The Cumulative Book Index 1988
Bowker's Law Books and Serials in Print 1986
The Denuclearisation of the Oceans R. B. Byers 2022-12-15 In the 1980s concern throughout the world was growing about the use of the oceans by nuclear-powered naval vessels and naval vessels carrying nuclear weapons. Many countries were keen to keep their ports and the waters off their coastlines "nuclear-free". Originally published in 1986, this book presents a worldwide survey of the state of the nuclear use of the oceans and assesses the prospects for denuclearisation at the time. It looks at the legal background, the practical issues and the attitudes and positions in different parts of the world. ‘... while regional efforts of disarmament and arms control are necessary, so are global efforts. At the same time, international legal norms, including the Law of the Sea, must be adopted and utilized in the ever difficult search for world peace’. Arvid Pardo.

Current Publications in Legal and Related Fields 1987
The Soviet Union and the Strategy of Non-Aligment in the Third World Roy Allison 1988-12-15 This study investigates the overall Soviet conception of non-alignment in the Third World and assesses Soviet policy in relation to this issue.