agricultural history discuss agriculture in the Indian subcontinent and prehistoric China while an insightful concluding section helps readers understand ancient agriculture from a modern perspective. Fills the need for a full-length biophysical and social overview of ancient agriculture. Provides clear accounts of the current state of research written by experts in their respective areas. Places ancient Mediterranean agriculture in conversation with contemporary practice in Eastern and Southern Asia. Includes coverage of analysis of stable isotopes in ancient agricultural cultivation. Offers plentiful illustrations, references, case studies, and further reading suggestions. A Companion to Ancient Agriculture is a much-needed resource for advanced students, instructors, scholars, and researchers in fields such as agricultural history, ancient economics, and in broader disciplines including classics, archaeology, and ancient history.

The Roman Imperial Army of the First and Second Centuries A.D. Graham Webster 1998
This classic work of scholarship scrutinizes all aspects of Roman military forces throughout the Roman Empire, in Europe, North Africa, and the Near and Middle East. Graham Webster describes the Roman army's composition, frontier systems, camps and forts, activities in the field (including battle tactics, signaling, and medical services), and peacetime duties, as well as the army's overall influence in the Empire. First published in 1969, the work is corrected and expanded in this third edition, which includes new information from excavations and the finding of contemporary scholars. Hugh Elton provides an introduction surveying scholarship on the Roman army since the last edition of 1985.

Rome and Barbaricum: Contributions to the Archaeology and History of Interaction in European Protohistory Roxana-Gabriela Curcă 2020-05-28
How did the 'Barbarians' influence Roman culture? What did 'Roman-ness' mean in the context of Empire? What did it mean to be Roman and/or 'Barbarian' in different contexts? 9 papers explore concepts of Romanisation and of Barbaricism from a multi-disciplinary and comparative standpoint, covering Germany, Dacia, Moesia Inferior, Hispania, and more.

Bulgaria's Historical Rights to Dobrudja Milan G. Markov 1918
Militanti Pro Deo John F. Shean 1998

Ancient Greece and Rome Keith Hopwood 1995

The Cambridge Ancient History Peter Garnsey 1928
A Concise History of Dobrudja Adrian Rădulescu 1984

Army of the Roman Emperors Thomas Fischer 2019-11-19
An illustrated history exploring the Imperial Roman army's many facets, including uniforms, weapons, buildings, and their duties. Compared to modern standard, the Roman army of the Imperial era was surprisingly small. However, when assessed in terms of their various tasks, they by far outstrip modern armies—acting not only as an armed power of the state in external and internal conflicts, but also carrying out peacetime duties, as well as the army's overall influence in the Empire. First published in 1969, the work is corrected and expanded in this third edition, which includes new information from excavations and the finding of contemporary scholars. Hugh Elton provides an introduction surveying scholarship on the Roman army since the last edition of 1985.

Armies of the Black Sea Region In 89 BC, Roman legionaries intervened in the Black Sea region to curb the ambitions of Mithridates VI of Pontos. Over the next two centuries, the Roman presence on the Black Sea coast was slowly, but steadily increased. This volume deals with the Roman impact on the indigenous population in the Black Sea region and touches on the theme of romanisation of that area. Nine different contributors discuss several aspects of Roman identity and the cultural interaction - one article even compares the situation to the American presence in Iraq - though at the same time, it also looks at the resistance to the Roman Empire and the Roman problems of creating peace in the region after the colonisation. Romanisation and becoming Roman in a Greek world is a very popular field of discussion about which a lot has already been written. This book, however, encircles three important themes - the domination, the romanisation and the resistance. It covers two different sides of the Roman presence in the area and shows both the perspective of a Roman just arrived, Pliny the Younger, and a native seeing the Romans coming, the historian Memnon of Herakleia. Furthermore it describes how multi-identity cultures manage to live together because becoming Roman not necessarily means becoming less Greek (or less Gaulish, less Scythian, less Bosporan, etc.).

The diversity of the different chapters in this book creates reflection on the cultural change in the traditionalist, yet cosmopolitan environment that was the Roman Black Sea Region.

The Roman Frontier at the Lower Danube, 4th-6th Centuries 1998

The Array in Roman Dobrudja Andrei Aricescu 1988